

## In This Issue

- 2 NC Voter Trends
- 4 NC Congressional Elections
- 9 NC General Assembly Elections

The data contained in this issue, along with additional information about North Carolina election trends, are available online through the Program on Southern Politics, Media and Public Life's new **NC DataPack** project.

This project is an emerging effort to offer a research resource to students, faculty and citizens interested in state politics. Visit [www.southnow.org](http://www.southnow.org) to download the information. User feedback is appreciated.



# 2002 North Carolina Election Primer

THAD BEYLE, Editor

This issue of *DataNet* offers data on previous off-presidential year elections in North Carolina. We hope you find the information helpful as you follow the campaigns and analyze November's results.

Here are some findings to guide your reading of the data:

- ◆ Voter registration in North Carolina increased by nearly 160% between 1966 and 2002, and the number of actual voters increased by almost 140% over the same period (*pages 2-3*).
- ◆ Comparatively, Democratic registration decreased by nearly 40% between 1966 and 2002, while Republican registration increased by more than 90%. Importantly, Unaffiliated or Independent registration has increased by more than 400% in the last two decades, and it is virtually equal to the 1966 level of Republican affiliation (*page 3*).
- ◆ There isn't much difference in the most recent polling on job approval of the state's two US senators. Both John Edwards and Jesse Helms have positive ratings in the mid-50s. President Bush's 69% positive rating exceeds Governor Easley's 40% positive rating, and this might represent a slight push toward the Republican side in the 2002 elections (*pages 3-4*).
- ◆ The political lineage of this year's contested US Senate seat has had a distinct eastern tinge since 1872. Six holders have come from Research Triangle counties, and four others have come from the southeastern part of the state. The two westernmost senators were from Alamance County. Whoever wins the 2002 election will be the first senator from the western part of the state since Reconstruction to hold that seat (*pages 3 and 5*).
- ◆ While turnout in recent US Senate primaries has not grown much since 1972, one pattern is clear. Democratic primaries are more competitive and have higher levels of voter turnout. But, from a turnout high of 6 to 1 Democratic to Republican primary voters in 1974, ratios have dropped to about 2 to 1. In this year's primary it was 1.5 to 1 (*page 8*).
- ◆ Projections on races for seats in Congress and the state legislature indicate close battles across the state. The parties appear neatly split at the Congressional level with observers projecting that each party will win six seats, leaving the 8th CD as a swing district. There are similar projections for the state Senate races, with each party projected to win 22 seats with six swing seats representing the balance of power. The same dynamic is operating in state House races, where 52 Democrats and 52 Republicans are projected as winners, leaving 18 swing seats to decide the balance of power (*pages 4 and 12*).
- ◆ One issue that might have been, but isn't on the 2002 ballot, is a state lottery. While NC could be the only state in the southeast region without a lottery, the September 17 state House vote (69-50) against having the question on the ballot killed the referendum proposal that Governor Easley has advocated. Surveys from two separate organizations — Carolina Poll and Mason-Dixon Poll — indicate that lottery support has grown to and stabilized at about the 60% level over the past two decades. And recent Elon University Poll results support this finding and indicate that nearly nine out of ten respondents feel the State Legislature should let the voters decide this question (*pages 8 and 12*). ■

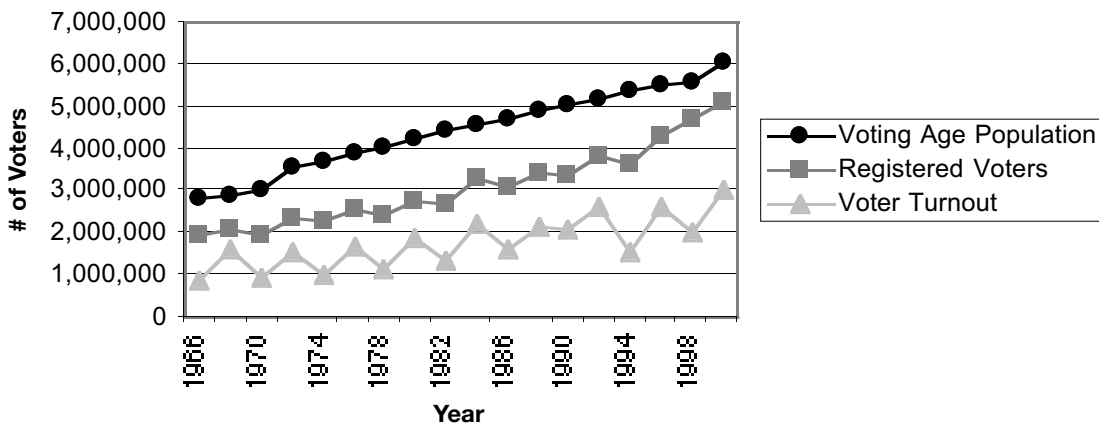
# North Carolina Voter Trends

## NC Voter Registration & Turnout in General Elections, 1960–2000

Year	Total NC Voting Age Population	Total NC Registered		NC Turnout		Party of Winner			
		# of Voters	% of Voting Age Pop.	# of Voters	% of Reg. Voters	% of Voting Age Pop.	Pres.	Sen.	Gov.
1960	2,585,000	N/A	N/A	1,268,556	–	49.1	D	D	D
1962	2,647,000	N/A	N/A	813,155	–	30.7	–	D	–
1964	2,723,000	N/A	N/A	1,424,983	–	52.3	D	–	D
1966	2,798,000	1,933,763	69.1	901,978	46.6	32.2	–	D	–
1968	2,921,000	2,077,538	71.1	1,587,493	76.4	54.4	R	D	D
1970	3,043,000	1,945,187	63.9	932,948	48.0	30.7	–	–	–
1972	3,541,399	2,357,645	66.6	1,518,612	64.4	42.9	R	R	R
1974	3,725,037	2,279,646	61.2	1,020,367	44.8	27.4	–	D	–
1976	3,884,477	2,553,717	65.7	1,677,906	65.7	43.2	D	–	D
1978	4,053,977	2,430,306	59.9	1,135,814	46.7	28.0	–	R	–
1980	4,222,654	2,774,844	65.7	1,855,833	66.9	43.9	R	R	D
1982	4,416,444	2,674,787	65.1	1,330,630	49.7	30.1	–	–	–
1984	4,585,788	3,270,933	71.3	2,239,051	68.5	47.4	R	R	R
1986	4,738,687	3,080,990	65.0	1,591,330	51.6	33.6	–	D	–
1988	4,887,358	3,432,042	70.2	2,134,370	62.2	43.7	R	–	R
1990	5,016,747	3,347,635	66.7	2,068,904	61.8	41.2	–	R	–
1992	5,182,321	3,817,380	73.7	2,611,850	68.4	50.4	R	R	D
1994	5,359,333	3,635,875	67.8	1,533,728	42.2	28.6	–	–	–
1996	5,499,000	4,330,657	78.8	2,618,326	60.5	47.6	R	R	D
1998	5,620,000	4,740,272	84.3	2,012,143	42.4	35.8	–	D	–
2000	6,085,266	5,122,123	84.2	3,015,964	58.9	49.6	R	–	D
2002		Sept. 4,999,633					–	?	–

**SOURCES:** Michael Barone and Grant Ujifusa, *The Almanac of American Politics* (Washington, DC: National Journal, 1972–2002); US Department of Commerce, *Statistical Abstract of the United States* (various years); Federal Elections Commission; Office of the Secretary of State, *North Carolina Manual* (Raleigh: Department of State, since 1966); NC State Board of Elections Web site, “General Voter Registration and Election Statistics”; NC Center for Public Policy Research, *North Carolina Focus* (1989) and “The Two Party System in North Carolina,” (Raleigh, December 1987); and Curtis Gans, Committee for the Study of the American Electorate.

**Size of NC Voting Age Population, Number of Registered Voters, and Voter Turnout, 1966-2000**



## Growth of NC Registered Voters, 1966–September 2002

Year	Total NC Registered Voters	% Growth Over Last Election	% Growth Over 1966 Election
1966	1,933,763	N/A	N/A
1970*	1,945,187	+ 0.6	+ 0.6
1974	2,279,646	+17.2	+ 17.9
1978	2,430,306	+ 6.6	+ 25.7
1982*	2,674,787	+10.1	+ 38.3
1986	3,080,990	+15.2	+ 59.3
1990	3,347,635	+ 8.7	+ 73.1
1994*	3,635,875	+ 8.6	+ 88.0
1998	4,740,272	+30.4	+145.1
9/2002	4,999,736	+ 5.5	+158.5

\* = No US Senate race this year

## 2nd Year NC Gubernatorial Job Approval Ratings in Polls

Governor/Term	Date <sup>i</sup>	Pollster <sup>ii</sup>	% Pos. <sup>iii</sup>	% Neg. <sup>iv</sup>
Hunt-1	10/78	CP	64	11
Hunt-2	10/81	CP	60	34
Martin-1	10/86	MD	69	26
Martin-2	5/90	MD	51	43
Hunt-3	10/94	N&O	67	16
Hunt-4	7/98	MD	72	28
Easley	9/02	MD	40	55

<sup>i</sup> Month and year the poll was conducted.

<sup>ii</sup> Pollster = Who conducted the poll: CP – Carolina Poll (UNC-CH); MD – Mason-Dixon; N&O – News & Observer/FGI Poll.

<sup>iii</sup> % pos. = % of the respondents giving the governor positive marks for his job performance – approve, good/excellent, approve, etc.

<sup>iv</sup> % neg. = % of the respondents giving the governor negative marks for his job performance – disapprove, fair/poor, etc.

## Growth of NC Voters in Non-Presidential Election Years, 1962–1998

Year	# of Voters	% Growth Over Last Election	% Growth Over 1962 Election
1962	813,155	N/A	N/A
1966	901,978	+10.9	+ 10.9
1970*	932,948	+ 3.4	+ 14.7
1974	1,020,367	+ 9.4	+ 25.5
1978	1,135,814	+11.3	+ 39.7
1982*	1,330,630	+17.2	+ 63.6
1986	1,591,330	+19.6	+ 95.7
1990	2,068,904	+30.0	+154.4
1994*	1,533,728	-25.9	+ 88.6
1998	2,012,143	+31.2	+147.4

\* = No US Senate race this year

## Off-Year NC Presidential Job Approval Ratings in Polls

Governor/Term	Date <sup>i</sup>	Pollster <sup>ii</sup>	% Pos. <sup>iii</sup>	% Neg. <sup>iv</sup>
Carter, D	10/78	CP	55	28
Reagan, R-1	10/82	CP	46	52
Clinton, D-1	10/94	N&O	39	50
Clinton, D-2	9/98	MD	46	54
Bush, R	9/02	MD	69	30

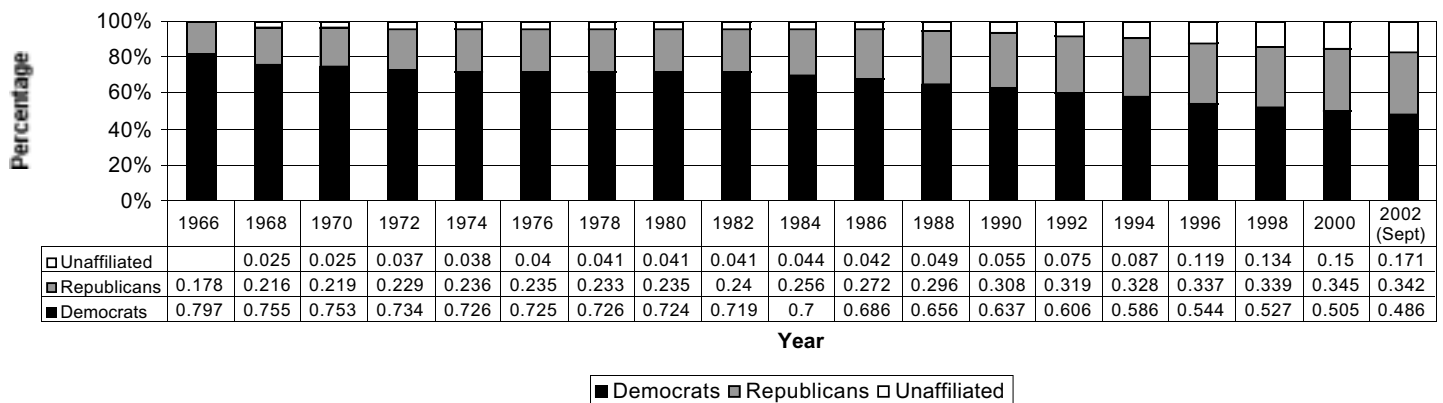
<sup>i</sup> Month the poll was conducted in the second year of the president's term.

<sup>ii</sup> Pollster = Who conducted the poll - CP - Carolina Poll (UNC-CH); MD - Mason-Dixon; N&O - News & Observer/FGI Poll.

<sup>iii</sup> % pos. = % of the respondents giving the president positive marks for his job performance - approve, good/excellent, approve, etc.

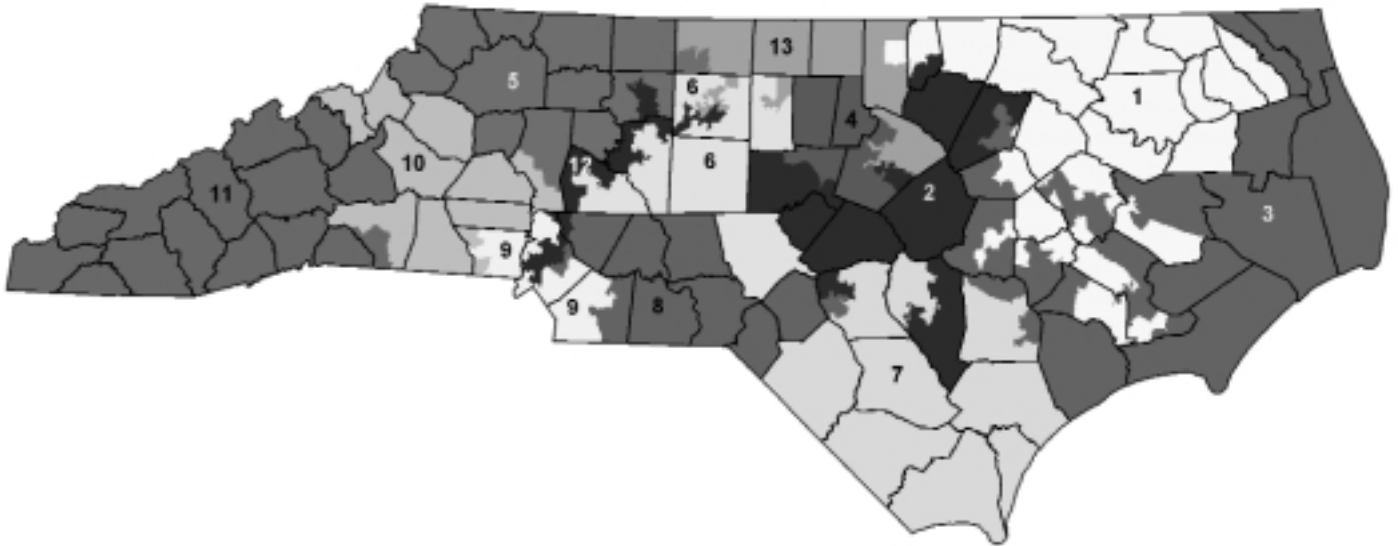
<sup>iv</sup> % neg. = % of the respondents giving the president negative marks for his job performance - disapprove, fair/poor, etc.

## NC Voters' Party Registration 1966 - September 2002



# North Carolina Congressional Elections

## New Congressional Districts in NC



## 2002 Congressional Elections in NC

### From Most Republican to Most Democratic Districts

CD #	Incumbent <sup>i</sup>	Race Type <sup>ii</sup>		%White <sup>iii</sup>	Party Registration			2000 Voting <sup>v</sup>			1996 <sup>v</sup> Helms
					Rep.	Dem.	Ind.	Pres	Gov.	CJ	
6th	Coble, R	IRU	SR	91.3	47.4	36.9	15.7	32.2	42.5	42.0	65.7
5th	Burr, R	IRUP	SR	93.4	46.1	38.7	15.2	32.1	42.7	38.3	64.3
9th	Myrick, R	IRUP	SR	89.4	44.9	34.7	20.4	34.8	36.7	38.3	58.8
10th	Ballenger, R	IRUP	SR	91.2	42.4	41.1	16.5	33.9	42.2	38.7	62.0
11th	Taylor, R	IRUP	LR	95.0	36.1	45.9	18.0	40.1	48.6	45.2	53.7
3rd	Jones, R	IRU	LR	84.6	34.4	49.5	16.1	34.4	49.7	39.7	62.2
8th	Hayes, R	IRUP	SW	72.1	30.0	53.0	17.0	45.8	53.0	53.1	51.9
4th	Price, D	IRUP	LD	78.9	31.1	47.9	21.0	51.5	59.4	56.6	42.3
13th	New District	OP	LD	74.3	29.2	53.6	17.2	53.0	61.5	60.0	47.9
2nd	Etheridge, D	IRUP	LD	67.9	28.7	56.7	14.6	46.5	59.2	53.8	51.8
7th	McIntyre, D	IRUP	LD	71.0	27.9	58.2	14.0	48.0	61.4	53.2	50.3
12th	Watt, D	IR	SD	53.3	26.2	58.9	14.9	58.5	64.5	64.4	36.2
1st	Clayton, D	OP	SD	50.4	17.0	73.2	9.8	58.4	69.8	64.3	43.8

SOURCE: John N. Davis and Danny Crook, *2002 Almanac of North Carolina Politics* (Raleigh: NC Free, August 2002).

<sup>i</sup> Current incumbent and party.

<sup>ii</sup> Race Type = IR – incumbent running for reelection; IRU – incumbent running unopposed for reelection; IRUP – incumbent running unopposed in party primary; OP – open seat. The projections are: SR – strong Republican, LR – leans Republican, SW – swing or uncertain outcome, LD – leans Democratic, and SD – strong Democratic.

<sup>iii</sup> % White = percent of the registered voters who are white.

<sup>iv</sup> 2000 Voting = % voting for the Democratic candidate in the Presidential race [Gore], in the Governor's race [Easley], and in the Chief Justice's race [Frye].

<sup>v</sup> % voting for Helms in the 1996 Helms–Gantt US Senate race.

## Political Lineage of Jesse Helms' US Senate Seat

Senator	Party <sup>i</sup>	NC County	Years In Senate	How Senator Entered <sup>ii</sup> /Left Office <sup>iii</sup>	
Matt Ransom	D	Northampton	1872-95	e	LG
Marion Butler	Pop	Sampson	1895-1901	e	LG
Furnifold Simmons	D	Jones	1901-31	e	LP
Josiah Bailey	D	Wake	1931-46	e	d
William B. Umstead	D	Durham	1946-48	a	LP
J. Melville Broughton	D	Wake	1948-49	e	d
Frank Porter Graham	D	Orange	1949-50	a	LP
Willis Smith	D	Wake	1950-53	e	d
Alton Lennon	D	New Hanover	1953-54	a	LP
W. Kerr Scott	D	Alamance	1954-58	e	d
B. Everett Jordan	D	Alamance	1958-73	a	LP
Jesse Helms	R	Wake	1973-2002	e	r

<sup>i</sup> Party: D = Democrat; Pop. = Populist; R = Republican.

<sup>ii</sup> How entered office: a = appointed; e = elected.

<sup>iii</sup> How left office: d = died; LG = lost in general election; LP = lost in party primary; r = retired.

## Off-Year NC US Senatorial Job Approval Ratings in Polls

Senator/Term	Date <sup>i</sup>	Pollster <sup>ii</sup>	% Pos. <sup>iii</sup>	% Neg. <sup>iv</sup>
Helms, R-1	10/78	CP	64	11
Helms, R-2	10/81	CP	57	36
Helms, R-3	10/86	MD	51	44
Helms, R-3	9/90	KPC	44	51
Sanford, D-1	2/90	MD	52	35
Helms, R-4	10/94	N&O	51	42
Faircloth, R-1	10/94	N&O	36	17
Helms, R-5	3/98	MD	47	52
Faircloth, R-1	3/98	MD	43	50
Helms, R-5	9/02	MD	58	40
Edwards, D-1	9/02	MD	56	37

<sup>i</sup> Date : Month and year the poll was conducted.

<sup>ii</sup> Pollster = Who conducted the poll: CP – Carolina Poll (UNC-CH); KPC – Knight-Ridder Poll (*Charlotte Observer*); MD – Mason-Dixon; N&O – *News & Observer*/FGI Poll.

<sup>iii</sup> % pos. = % of the respondents giving the senator positive marks for his job performance – approve, good/excellent, approve, etc.

<sup>iv</sup> % neg. = % of the respondents giving the senator negative marks for his job performance - disapprove, fair/poor, etc.

## The 2002 Congressional Races Election Projections

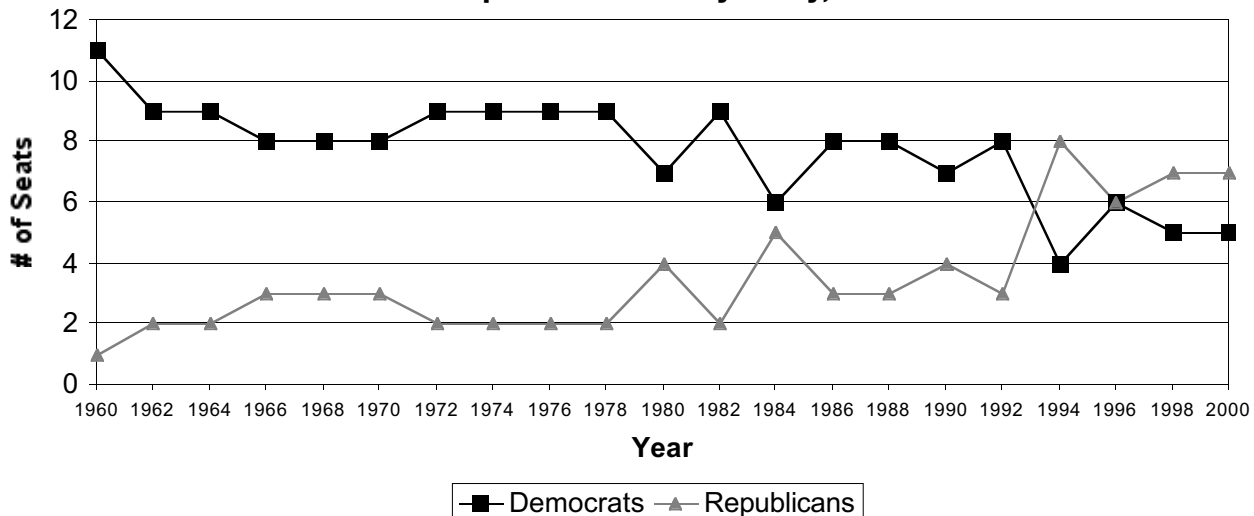
13 Congressional Races: 6 Dem., 6 Rep., 1 Swing

[2] Strong Dem.	[4] Lean Dem.	[1] Swing	[2] Lean Rep.	[4] Strong Rep.
1	2	8	3 <sup>#</sup>	5
12	4		11	6 <sup>#</sup>
	7			9
	13			10

<sup>#</sup> = uncontested race in both the party primary and general election.

SOURCE: John N. Davis and Danny Crook, *2002 Almanac of North Carolina Politics* (Raleigh: NC Free, August 2002).

## NC US Representatives by Party, 1960-2000



## NC Election Results, 1986 and 1990

### 1986 General Election Results

# Registered Voters	3,080,990
Number Voting	1,591,330
<i>[Based on US Senate race totals]</i>	
Turnout %	51.6

### 1990 General Election Results

# Registered Voters	3,347,635
Number Voting	2,070,585
<i>[Based on US Senate race totals]</i>	
Turnout %	61.9

Race	Candidate, Party [* - incumbent]	Votes	%	Race	Candidate, Party	Votes	%
US Sen.	Sanford, D	780,967	50.9	US Sen	Gantt, D	981,573	47.4
A <sup>i</sup>	Broyhill, R*	753,881	49.1		Helms, R*	1,088,331	52.6
US Sen.	Sanford, D	823,662	51.8	1st CD	Jones, D*	105,832	64.8
B <sup>ii</sup>	Broyhill, R*	767,668	48.2		Moye, R	57,526	35.2
1st CD	Jones, D*	91,122	69.5	2nd CD	Valentine, D*	130,979	74.7
	Moye, R	39,913	30.5		Sharpe, R	44,263	25.3
2nd CD	Valentine, D*	95,320	74.6	3rd CD	Lancaster, D*	83,930	59.3
	McElhane, R	32,515	25.4		Davis, R	57,605	40.7
3rd CD	Lancaster, D	71,460	64.5	4th CD	Price, D*	139,396	58.1
	Hurst, R	39,408	35.5		Carrington, R	100,661	41.9
4th CD	Price, D	92,216	55.7	5th CD	Neal, D*	113,814	59.1
	Cobey, R*	73,469	44.3		Bell, R	78,747	40.9
5th CD	Neal, D*	86,410	54.1	6th CD	Allegrone, D	62,913	33.4
	Epperson, R	73,261	45.9		Coble, R*	125,392	66.6
6th CD	Britt, D*	72,250	49.97	7th CD	Rose, D*	94,946	65.6
	Coble, R	72,329	50.03		Anderson, R	49,681	34.4
7th CD	Rose, D*	70,471	64.2	8th CD	Hefner, D*	98,700	55.0
	Harrelson, R	39,289	35.8		Blanton, R	80,852	45.0
8th CD	Hefner, D*	80,959	57.9	9th CD	McKnight, D	80,802	38.0
	Hamby, R	58,941	42.1		McMillan, R*	131,036	62.0
9th CD	Martin, D	76,240	48.7	10th CD	Green, D	65,710	38.2
	McMillan, R*	80,352	51.3		Ballenger, R*	106,400	61.8
10th CD	Roark, D	62,035	42.5	11th CD	Clarke, D*	99,318	49.3
	Ballenger, R*	83,902	57.5		Taylor, R	101,991	50.7
11th CD	Clarke, D	91,575	50.7	<b>State House</b>			
	Hendon, R*	89,069	49.3	D vote:	1.541 million	61%	81 seats
<b>State House</b>				R vote:	0.971 million	39%	39 seats
D vote:	1.193 million	59%	84 seats	<b>State Senate</b>			
R vote:	0.826 million	41%	36 seats	D vote:	1.358 million	53%	36 seats
<b>State Senate</b>				R vote:	1.191 million	47%	14 seats

<sup>i</sup> Results for remainder of unexpired term, expiring 1/3/87.

<sup>ii</sup> Results for the race for a full 6-year term.

## NC Election Results, 1994 and 1998

### 1994 General Election Results

# Registered Voters	3,635,875
Number Voting	1,533,728
Turnout %	42.2

### 1998 General Election Results

# Registered Voters	4,740,272
Number Voting	2,012,143
Turnout %	42.4

*[Based on US Senate race totals]*

Race	Candidate, Party [* - incumbent]	Votes	%	Race	Candidate, Party	Votes	%
				US Sen.	Edwards, D	1,029,237	51.2
					Faircloth, R*	945,943	47.0
1st CD	Clayton, D*	66,827	61.1	1st CD	Clayton, D*	85,125	62.7
	Tyler, R	42,602	38.9		Tyler, R	50,578	37.3
2nd CD	Moore, D	62,122	44.0	2nd CD	Etheridge, D*	100,550	57.9
	Funderburk, R	79,207	56.0		Page, R	72,997	42.1
3rd CD	Lancaster, D*	65,013	47.3	3rd CD	Williams, D	50,041	37.5
	Jones, R	72,464	52.7		Jones, R*	83,529	62.5
4th CD	Price, D*	76,558	49.6	4th CD	Price, D*	129,157	58.0
	Heineman, R	77,773	50.4		Roberg, R	93,469	42.0
5th CD	Sands, D	63,194	42.7	5th CD	Robinson, D	55,806	31.9
	Burr, R	84,741	57.3		Burr, R*	119,103	68.1
6th CD	Coble, R*	unopposed		6th CD	Coble, R*	unopposed	
7th CD	Rose, D*	62,670	51.6	7th CD	McIntyre, D*	unopposed	
	Anderson, R	58,849	48.4				
8th CD	Hefner, D*	62,845	52.4	8th CD	Taylor, D	64,127	48.7
	Morgan, R	57,140	47.6		Hayes, R	67,505	51.3
9th CD	Blake, D	44,379	35.0	9th CD	Blake, D	51,345	29.9
	Myrick, R	82,374	65.0		Myrick, R*	120,570	70.1
10th CD	Avery, D	42,939	28.4	10th CD	Ballenger, R*	unopposed	
	Ballenger, R*	107,829	71.5				
11th CD	Lauterer, D	76,862	39.9	11th CD	Young, D	84,256	42.7
	Taylor, R*	115,826	60.1		Taylor, R*	112,908	57.3
12th CD	Watt, D*	57,655	65.8	12th CD	Watt, D*	82,305	57.0
	Martino, R	29,933	34.2		Keadle, R	62,070	43.0
<b>State House</b>				<b>State House</b>			
D vote:	0.977 million	49%	52 seats	D vote:	1.228 million	50.2%	67 seats
R vote:	0.999 million	51%	68 seats	R vote:	1.217 million	49.8%	53 seats
<b>State Senate</b>				<b>State Senate</b>			
D vote:	0.927 million	52%	26 seats	D vote:	1.173 million	50.2%	35 seats
R vote:	0.867 million	48%	24 seats	R vote:	1.166 million	49.8%	15 seats

## First Primary Turnout in Recent US Senate Races

Year	Race <sup>i</sup>	Votes	% TRV <sup>ii</sup>	% GEV <sup>iii</sup>
1972	ILP	921,380	39.1	60.7
		153,831 R		
		767,549 D		
1974	OP	675,197	29.6	66.2
		95,857 R		
		579,340 D		
1978	IW	650,942	N/A <sup>v</sup>	N/A <sup>v</sup>
		no primary R <sup>vi</sup> 650,942 D <sup>vii</sup>		
1980	ILG	No senate primary contests		
1984	IW	994,520	30.4	44.4
		148,574 R		
		845,946 D		
1986	ILG	889,312	28.9	55.9
		209,825 R		
		679,487 D		
1990	IW	880,091	26.3	42.5
		186,595 R		
		693,496 D		
1992	ILG	967,306	25.3	37.0
		270,569 R		
		696,737 D <sup>viii</sup>		
1996	IW	870,875	20.1	33.3
		281,912 R <sup>ix</sup>		
		588,963 D		
1998	ILG	805,316	17.0	40.0
		265,288 R 540,028 D		
2002	OP	966,653	19.3	
		389,269 R		
		577,384 D		

<sup>i</sup> Race = type of race: IW – incumbent wins reelection; ILG – incumbent loses in general election; ILP – incumbent loses in primary; OP – open seat.

<sup>ii</sup> % TRV = percent of total registered voters.

<sup>iii</sup> %GEV = percent of total general election voters.

<sup>iv</sup> N/A – not applicable as there was no Republican Senate primary and no way to estimate the total Republican primary vote.

<sup>v</sup> N/A – ditto.

<sup>vi</sup> No Republican primary, Senator Helms uncontested for the party nomination. Since there were no other statewide primary races in the Republican Party, there is no way to estimate the total Republican vote.

<sup>vii</sup> Democrat Luther Hodges Jr. led with 40.1% of the vote, was challenged by second place candidate John Ingram and lost in the second primary, 54.2% to 45.8%. At that time, to win the nomination in the first primary the leader must receive 50% of the vote, otherwise the second-place runner could challenge the leader in a second primary.

<sup>viii</sup> Democratic Senator Terry Sanford ran unopposed. The number of Democratic primary votes is the average of the 1992 Democratic Presidential (691,868) and gubernatorial (701,606) primary vote totals.

<sup>ix</sup> Republican Senator Helms was uncontested for the party nomination. The number of Republican primary votes is the average of the 1996 Republican Presidential (284,214) and gubernatorial (279,610) primary vote totals.

## Elon University Poll Results on the State Lottery

Date <sup>i</sup>	Sample <sup>ii</sup>	%pos. <sup>iii</sup>	%neg. <sup>iv</sup>
<i>Do you favor a statewide lottery in North Carolina?</i>			
2/12–14/01	728 ads	64	30
3/5–7/01	685 ads	60	29
4/23–25/01	663 ads	62	27
<i>Do you favor a statewide lottery?</i>			
10/1–4/01	623 ads	62	29
4/15–18/02	630 ads	68	25
9/16–19/02	719 ads	64	29
<i>Should state lawmakers allow citizens to decide through a statewide vote whether or not North Carolina should have a lottery?</i>			
10/1–4/01	611 ads	87	8
9/16–19/02	719 ads	85	10

<sup>i</sup> Days the poll was in the field.

<sup>ii</sup> Sample = size and type of sample: ads – adults.

<sup>iii</sup> %pos. = % of the sample with a favorable response.

<sup>iv</sup> %neg. = % of the sample with an unfavorable response.

**SOURCE:** Tim Vercellotti, Elon University Poll

## Recent US Senate Primary Races

Year	Race	# of Candidates	Winner	% Vote
1972	Rep. Primary	3	Helms	60.1
	Dem. Primary	4	Galifanakis	49.2
1974	Rep. Primary	3	Stevens	65.1
	Dem. Primary	9	Morgan	50.9
1978	Dem. Primary	8	Hodges	40.1
	Dem. Run-Off		Ingram	54.2
1984	Rep. Primary	2	Helms	90.6
	Dem. Primary	3	Hunt	77.5
1986	Rep. Primary	3	Broyhill	66.5
	Dem. Primary	10	Sanford	60.3
1990	Rep. Primary	3	Helms	84.3
	Dem. Primary	6	Gantt	37.5
	Dem. Run-Off		Gantt	56.9
1992	Rep. Primary	4	Faircloth	47.7
1996	Dem. Primary	3	Gantt	52.4
1998	Rep. Primary	3	Faircloth	81.8
	Dem. Primary	7	Edwards	51.4
2002	Rep. Primary	7	Dole	80.7
	Dem. Primary	9	Bowles	43.4



# North Carolina General Assembly Elections

## 2002 State Senate Elections in NC<sup>i</sup>

From Most Republican to Most Democratic Districts

SD #	Incumbent <sup>ii</sup>	Race Type <sup>iii</sup>		%White <sup>iv</sup>	Party Registration			2000 Voting <sup>v</sup>			1996 <sup>vi</sup> Helms
					Rep.	Dem.	Ind.	Pres	Gov.	CJ	
34	New open seat	OP	SR	87.3	48.9	36.5	14.6	31.2	41.5	37.4	65.8
29	New open seat	OP	SR	90.6	48.5	37.1	14.4	29.8	41.6	37.7	67.5
33	Bingham, R	IR	SR	91.1	47.8	38.5	13.7	31.5	43.4	40.7	67.7
	Cunningham, D	NR									
31	Horton, R	IRU	SR	92.7	47.4	36.0	16.6	31.0	41.6	36.9	65.9
30	Garwood, R	IR	SR	95.1	46.3	40.7	13.0	30.4	42.9	38.3	65.8
39	Rucho, R	IR	SR	91.2	46.2	32.9	20.9	37.7	36.5	40.8	54.8
35	Plyler, D	NR/OP	SR	89.3	46.0	34.0	20.0	31.1	34.2	35.0	63.4
40	Odum, D	IR	SR	88.5	44.8	33.0	22.2	37.9	38.3	40.6	55.6
42	Forrester, R	IRWPU	SR	93.0	44.4	38.6	17.0	31.4	39.1	35.6	65.0
48	Carter, D	NR/OP	SR	94.8	43.6	35.2	21.3	36.2	43.2	39.1	57.5
45	Foxx, R	IR	LR	96.7	43.5	39.2	17.3	36.3	45.0	40.9	59.3
	Moore, R	IRLP									
36	Hartsell, R	IR	SR	88.5	43.2	38.7	18.0	31.1	37.9	37.5	63.9
41	New open seat	OP	SR	89.3	42.8	41.8	15.4	33.2	40.5	38.2	63.2
15	Carrington, R	IR	LR	88.6	41.6	37.3	21.1	39.7	49.7	44.8	54.2
	Miller, D	NR									
44	Allran, R	IRWPU	LR	92.0	41.0	41.2	17.8	35.7	42.7	39.6	59.2
17	New open seat	OP	LR	87.1	40.8	38.3	20.9	39.4	50.3	44.6	55.8
47	New open seat	OP	LR	98.2	40.0	44.4	15.6	36.2	47.9	43.4	57.9
43	Hoyle, D	IR	SR	86.3	39.3	43.9	16.8	33.4	40.6	38.4	63.1
9	Ballantine, R	IR	SW	85.8	38.8	41.7	19.5	45.1	56.6	46.0	51.8
26	Berger, R	IRWPU	SR	86.6	38.2	45.6	16.2	32.6	43.5	42.8	61.6
	Shaw, R	IRLP									
22	New open seat	OP	LR	83.4	37.9	45.0	17.1	38.1	49.0	45.8	58.8
12	Wellons, D	IR	LR	85.1	37.6	48.1	14.2	31.8	49.3	41.0	68.3
	Harris, D	NR									
50	Carpenter, R	IR	LR	95.2	36.7	44.8	18.5	38.5	46.8	44.6	54.1
16	Reeves, D	IR	LD	87.2	35.0	41.0	24.0	47.2	56.1	52.9	45.6
2	Thomas, D	IR	SW	83.4	34.9	47.3	17.9	37.0	49.9	39.8	57.5
6	Clark, D	OP <sup>vii</sup>	SW	77.0	33.1	48.1	18.9	35.7	47.0	40.5	57.7
27	Hagan, D	IR	LD	78.7	33.0	48.9	18.1	51.6	58.7	60.8	46.1
24	Webster, R	IR	SW	79.0	32.9	55.7	11.5	40.4	50.5	51.1	58.9
10	Albertson, D	IR	LD	70.2	31.8	57.8	10.4	42.6	55.3	49.0	57.5
49	Metcalf, D	IR	SW	93.6	31.5	48.6	19.8	46.1	52.2	49.3	48.7
11	Swindell, D	IR	LD	71.2	30.9	58.7	10.4	41.9	58.2	49.9	59.7
46	Dalton, D	IR	SW	83.8	30.5	55.4	14.0	38.4	50.2	45.8	56.8
5	New open seat	OP	LD	72.0	30.3	56.5	13.2	43.2	59.2	49.0	55.7
8	Soles, D	IR	SD	78.4	28.5	57.2	14.3	48.6	62.9	53.1	51.8
19	Rand, D	IR	LD	72.9	27.9	56.7	15.4	41.9	55.8	50.6	56.7
18	Gulley, D	IR	LD	77.7	26.7	57.3	16.1	49.3	59.5	56.4	50.9
32	Garrou, D	IRU	SD	56.7	25.8	59.5	14.7	60.9	66.5	64.7	38.1
1	Basnight, D	IR	LD	77.6	25.0	58.7	16.4	44.2	57.9	49.7	53.5
25	Purcell, D	IR	SD	72.3	24.9	61.8	13.3	45.9	55.1	56.8	52.5
7	Kerr, D	IR	LD	60.6	24.8	64.8	10.4	45.6	59.0	51.7	55.6
23	Kinnaird, D	IR	SD	83.1	24.6	54.9	20.5	58.5	64.1	63.9	36.1
	Lee, D	IRLP									
28	Martin, D	NR/OP	SD	47.3	24.4	61.0	14.5	59.7	66.2	66.4	36.1
14	New open seat	OP	SD	54.4	23.8	60.0	16.2	61.7	69.3	66.0	37.6
21	Shaw, D	IR	SD	42.4	22.8	57.3	20.0	63.5	68.5	67.8	34.4
37	Clodfelter, D	IRU	SD	53.1	22.8	58.6	18.5	68.9	67.9	71.3	31.2
38	Dannelly, D	IRU	SD	40.9	19.6	63.5	16.9	72.4	72.6	75.3	24.5
20	Lucas, D	IRU	SD	49.8	17.4	65.3	17.3	70.9	75.9	75.0	27.8
3	Martin, D	NR/OP <sup>viii</sup>	SD	47.0	14.9	76.9	8.2	59.7	72.2	65.5	43.2
	Warren, D	NR									
4	Balance, D	OP/D <sup>ix</sup>	SD	46.0	11.9	80.0	8.0	63.8	74.0	69.5	39.0
13	Weinstein, D	IRU	SD	40.4	11.5	79.5	9.0	59.5	73.6	69.5	37.8

**SOURCE:** John N. Davis and Danny Crook, *2002 Almanac of North Carolina Politics* (Raleigh: NC Free, August 2002).

<sup>i</sup> All districts are single member districts. In several situations, two incumbents were placed into a single district and they are vying for that seat. They are noted in the listing.

<sup>ii</sup> Current incumbent and party.

<sup>iii</sup> Race Type = IR – incumbent running for reelection; IRLP – incumbent running, lost primary; IRU – incumbent running unopposed for reelection; IRWPU – incumbent running, won primary, unopposed in general election, NR – incumbent not running; OP – open seat. The projections are: SR – strong Republican, LR – leans Republican, SW – swing or uncertain outcome, LD – leans Democratic, SD – strong Democratic.

<sup>iv</sup> % White = percent of the registered voters who are white.

<sup>v</sup> 2000 Voting Record = % voting for the Democratic candidate in the Presidential race [Gore], governor's race [Easley], and the chief justice's race [Frye].

<sup>vi</sup> 1996 vote in the Helms–Gantt US Senate race – % voting for Helms.

<sup>vii</sup> Incumbent Clark was appointed to the seat to replace the late Luther Jordan-D. This was her first election bid, but she lost in the primary so this is an open seat race.

<sup>viii</sup> Both incumbents decided not to seek reelection.

<sup>ix</sup> Balance did not seek reelection, and since only Democrats filed for this office the winner of the Democratic Primary, Robert Hollowman, will be the next senator.

# 2002 State House Elections in NC

## From Most Republican to Most Democratic Districts

HD #	Incumbent <sup>i</sup>	Race Type <sup>ii</sup>	%White <sup>iii</sup>	Party Registration			2000 Voting <sup>v</sup>			1996 <sup>v</sup> Helms	
				Rep.	Dem.	Ind.	Pres	Gov.	CJ		
84	Buchanan, R Thompson, R	IRLPU NR	SR	96.3	58.8	25.5	15.8	28.2	36.3	31.9	68.6
92	Holmes, R	IRU	SR	95.0	55.4	30.3	14.3	25.2	36.9	31.3	72.6
78	Brubaker, R	IRU	SR	96.5	55.3	29.2	15.5	23.6	35.9	31.5	74.0
83	Walker, R	IR	SR	95.7	55.3	31.7	13.0	29.1	41.5	34.7	67.6
79	Howard, R	IRWPU	SR	94.6	55.2	31.2	13.5	24.8	36.8	31.4	72.7
80	Dockham, R	IRU	SR	96.3	55.0	31.7	13.4	23.6	36.4	31.3	76.2
67	Culp, R	IR	SR	90.8	50.7	34.9	14.4	30.1	41.1	37.2	66.8
104	Wilson, R	IRU	SR	93.4	50.4	28.3	21.3	34.6	32.4	37.5	57.0
76	McCombs, R	IRU	SR	95.1	49.5	33.0	17.5	23.9	33.6	31.0	71.4
73	New Open Seat	OP	SR	93.9	49.3	30.4	20.4	27.0	30.7	30.6	67.6
105	McMahan, R	IRWPU	SR	92.4	49.3	28.4	22.3	35.9	34.4	38.0	55.6
103	Gulley, R	IRWPU	SR	90.2	48.4	30.5	21.2	33.2	33.9	35.6	61.2
91	Baker, R Hiatt, R	IR NR	SR	94.5	47.5	40.1	12.4	28.4	41.3	36.5	69.3
94	Decker, R	IRWPU	SR	91.5	47.3	36.5	16.2	30.7	41.6	36.6	66.9
87	Starnes, R	IR	SR	95.4	46.9	39.0	14.2	31.3	40.1	36.5	65.1
52	Morgan, R	IRU	SR	86.0	46.8	35.4	17.8	36.4	44.4	42.3	59.3
89	Setzer, R	IRU	SR	92.6	46.8	36.2	17.0	31.8	40.0	35.0	64.9
117	Justus, R	IRU	SR	96.2	46.8	31.0	22.2	34.0	41.5	37.2	60.0
95	New Open Seat	OPRU	SR	92.7	46.4	34.0	19.6	30.4	35.9	33.6	65.2
88	Hilton, R	IRWPU	SR	89.5	46.3	35.7	18.0	34.0	40.2	37.1	60.1
61	Jarrell, D	NR/OP	LR	85.1	45.6	37.3	17.1	36.9	46.9	46.2	60.6
98	New Open Seat	OP	SR	88.5	45.1	32.5	22.4	37.2	38.2	40.3	55.4
19	McComas, R	IRU	LR	94.7	44.6	35.5	19.9	38.3	51.6	39.4	57.5
57	Bowie, R	IRU	SR	91.6	44.4	39.5	16.1	34.2	44.3	44.9	62.7
50	Capps, R	IRU	LR	90.7	43.9	33.4	22.7	37.9	48.0	43.5	55.5
36	Miner, R	IRWPU	LR	91.5	43.7	31.8	24.5	39.7	49.9	44.1	52.2
74	Johnson, R	IR	SR	87.1	43.3	38.1	18.6	33.3	39.2	38.7	62.0
93	Esposito, R Gray, R	NR/OP NR/OP	SR	90.0	43.3	40.0	16.7	36.6	46.1	42.0	60.2
113	Walend, R	IRU	SR	96.0	43.0	35.3	21.7	34.5	40.4	37.7	57.6
64	Allred, R Teague, R	IR NR	SR	92.7	42.4	45.2	12.5	30.4	41.5	42.3	68.7
108	Rayfield, R Harrington, R	IRU NR	SR	91.7	41.9	40.2	17.9	26.9	33.6	31.6	69.0
120	West, R	IRU	LR	98.1	41.6	41.9	16.6	34.9	44.5	41.7	57.6
82	Wilson, R	IR	LR	98.2	41.5	38.2	20.3	40.4	47.0	44.0	54.3
110	Clary, R Weatherly, R	IRWPU NR	SR	88.4	41.3	42.4	16.3	30.3	38.8	36.0	66.4
40	Eddins, R	IRU	LR	83.3	41.1	40.3	18.6	39.3	50.0	43.6	56.7
75	Barnhart, R	IR	SR	87.5	41.0	41.2	17.8	32.5	39.5	39.3	62.2
97	Kiser, R Barefoot, D	IR NR	SR	93.5	40.8	42.6	16.6	33.7	41.7	39.2	62.2
37	Hensley, R	NR/OP	LR	85.8	40.1	38.4	21.5	39.8	50.5	45.4	54.2
13	Preston, R Smith, D	IR IR	LR	93.9	39.4	41.4	19.2	33.0	46.2	35.6	60.5
85	Gillespie, R	IR	SR	97.1	39.5	43.3	17.2	30.8	41.2	35.7	65.5
62	Boyd-McIntyre, D Blust, R	IR IR	LR	81.1	38.7	42.6	18.7	40.6	49.6	48.6	51.5
39	Ellis, R	IR	LR	81.7	38.0	45.4	16.6	39.3	51.9	45.2	61.1
96	Mitchell, R	IR	LR	82.7	38.0	48.6	13.4	37.3	45.4	42.7	60.7
28	Daughtry, R	IRU	LR	85.4	37.8	47.5	14.6	32.9	50.4	42.1	66.4
17	Redwine, D	IR	SW	91.4	37.5	42.6	19.9	44.1	56.7	44.7	54.7
26	Creech, R Russell, R	IRU NR	LR	84.9	37.4	48.0	14.6	31.5	49.1	40.6	69.7
116	Sherrill, R	IRWPU	LR	97.8	37.2	43.7	19.1	36.6	44.9	40.4	58.1
34	Pope, R	NR/OP <sup>iii</sup>	SW	87.6	37.0	42.2	20.8	43.9	53.2	49.9	51.2
81	Holliman, D	IR	SW	82.7	37.0	50.2	12.8	42.9	54.9	51.4	57.7
25	Arnold, R	NR/OP	SW	77.4	36.7	53.3	10.0	35.2	54.6	44.2	65.7
109	New Open Seat	OP	SW	82.7	36.0	48.1	16.0	41.1	48.3	46.2	56.9
77	Coates, D	IR	SW	74.2	35.9	48.9	15.2	43.3	50.5	49.4	53.5
15	Grady, R	IR	LR	84.1	35.6	46.4	18.0	30.9	44.2	36.1	64.0
16	New open seat	OP	SW	80.7	35.6	48.5	15.9	44.2	55.8	46.4	55.1
70	Barbee, R Shubert, R	IR NR	SW	80.4	35.2	48.7	16.0	37.8	46.1	45.5	60.9
3	Underhill, D	IR	LR	83.7	35.1	46.2	18.6	35.6	48.1	37.7	59.4
66	Sexton, R	IRU	SW	86.5	35.1	48.0	16.9	37.1	50.1	46.7	62.0
90	New Open Seat	OP	LR	96.1	34.9	51.7	13.4	35.2	47.9	44.9	58.9
86	Church, D	IR	SW	91.6	33.8	49.0	17.1	42.0	49.8	46.9	53.6
115	Crawford, R	IR	SW	92.2	33.5	46.9	19.6	46.2	51.7	48.6	46.8
14	New Open Seat	OP	SW	68.5	33.4	44.9	21.7	40.5	48.3	43.9	52.2

## 2002 State House Elections in NC (continued)

HD #	Incumbent <sup>i</sup>	Race Type <sup>ii</sup>	%White <sup>iii</sup>	Party Registration			2000 Voting <sup>iv</sup>			1996 <sup>v</sup> Helms
				Rep.	Dem.	Ind.	Pres	Gov.	CJ	
53	Davis, R	NR/OP SW	80.4	33.4	53.9	12.7	34.4	50.3	43.5	65.5
99	Saunders, D	IRU SD	65.7	33.3	44.8	21.9	55.0	55.5	57.8	39.6
11	Baddour, D	IR SW	71.0	33.1	54.7	12.2	37.0	50.2	44.2	60.2
59	Jeffus, D	IR LD	82.6	33.1	48.0	18.9	51.6	58.2	62.5	44.7
35	Weiss, D	IR LD	89.4	33.1	43.9	23.0	49.5	58.3	55.3	45.3
9	McLawhorn, D	IR SW	77.9	31.7	51.1	17.2	43.9	58.7	46.7	52.9
44	Hurley, D	NR/OP LD	64.5	30.8	49.6	19.5	45.2	54.2	52.2	52.5
63	New Open Seat	OP LD	73.6	30.7	58.7	10.7	48.0	56.7	57.6	52.6
118	M. Carpenter, R	IR LD	98.4	30.7	55.0	14.3	40.1	54.2	51.0	51.4
45	Warner, D	IR SW	71.8	30.4	51.1	18.5	42.5	56.0	50.4	57.6
112	New Open Seat	OP SW	88.0	30.4	54.7	15.0	37.3	50.2	44.2	58.1
100	Black, D	IR SD	66.9	29.8	49.1	21.1	59.1	58.6	61.8	40.9
106	Alexander, D	IR SD	71.5	29.7	49.4	20.8	58.8	56.4	61.6	34.4
51	Cox, D	IR SW	80.9	29.5	54.4	16.1	40.9	54.3	50.0	57.5
22	Nye, D	IRWPU LD	69.8	29.4	61.8	8.8	44.5	58.9	52.6	54.9
	Warwick, D	IRLP								
111	Dedmon, D	IR LD	78.0	29.2	57.7	13.1	41.3	52.0	49.0	53.7
41	Morris, R	IR LD	73.1	28.7	55.8	15.5	42.6	55.2	50.6	56.6
119	Haire, D	IR LD	93.2	28.4	52.5	19.1	45.9	54.9	52.1	48.1
10	Tucker, D	IR SW	77.1	27.7	60.6	11.7	35.9	51.6	42.5	64.7
114	Nesbitt, D	IR SD	89.0	27.7	51.9	20.3	51.8	56.6	54.7	44.1
4	Rogers, D	NR/OP LD	73.5	26.9	60.4	12.7	40.5	57.9	46.0	60.4
32	Crawford, D	IR LD	74.7	26.9	59.5	13.6	44.4	56.7	52.6	58.1
55	Allen, D	IR LD	77.7	26.9	59.4	13.8	45.2	56.4	53.1	55.3
20	Hill, D	IRU SD	80.6	26.3	59.8	13.9	48.7	64.5	55.2	52.9
23	Tolson, D	IR LD	69.6	26.1	65.0	8.9	41.4	59.0	50.8	60.8
69	Gibson, D	IR SD	72.9	26.1	61.8	12.1	45.8	55.5	54.5	52.5
49	New Open Seat	OP LD	73.0	25.9	61.6	12.4	44.7	58.9	51.1	55.6
54	Hackney, D	IRU SD	83.1	25.1	55.8	19.0	55.1	61.7	61.0	40.0
68	Goodwin, D	IR LD	76.2	25.1	62.1	12.8	43.6	51.9	57.2	54.0
2	Culpepper, D	IR LD	82.5	24.7	58.1	17.2	46.9	62.0	53.6	48.9
65	Cole, D	IRU LD	70.5	24.6	62.3	13.1	45.0	56.6	56.2	53.2
72	Oldham, D	NR SD	56.7	23.8	60.6	15.6	65.6	70.4	69.3	33.1
6	Edwards, D	NR/OP LD	68.8	23.5	67.0	9.4	43.1	56.8	48.4	56.0
21	Bell, D	IRU SD	50.5	23.0	67.5	9.5	56.9	66.2	61.2	47.8
42	Lucas, D	IRU SD	40.1	23.0	55.5	21.5	65.4	70.6	69.4	31.1
30	Luebke, D	IRU SD	73.1	22.9	57.8	19.4	60.3	66.9	65.2	38.3
101	Earle, D	IRU SD	48.4	22.2	62.4	15.4	63.9	64.9	67.5	32.9
56	Insko, D	IRU SD	84.0	22.1	54.0	23.9	68.3	71.3	73.0	25.3
1	Owens, D	IRU SD	73.5	22.0	58.7	19.3	47.6	60.4	53.7	51.9
33	Blue, D	NR/OP SD	50.7	21.9	61.2	16.9	65.8	72.0	69.7	34.8
71	Womble, D	IR SD	43.0	21.4	66.0	12.7	66.9	71.8	70.2	34.3
18	Wright, D	IR SD	58.4	21.1	65.1	13.8	63.4	73.6	66.4	36.9
107	Cunningham, D	IRU SD	41.6	20.9	62.6	16.5	68.3	68.9	71.4	25.0
102	Easterling, D	NR/OP SD	48.3	20.7	62.6	16.7	71.8	70.7	74.2	28.9
		RU								
31	Michaux, D	IRU SD	51.7	20.3	62.4	17.3	66.6	72.7	70.6	34.1
43	McAllister, D	IRWPU SD	37.3	19.8	61.9	18.2	66.6	71.3	70.9	29.3
12	Wainwright, D	IRU SD	50.1	19.7	68.7	11.6	56.7	66.5	60.4	40.3
46	Yongue, D	IR SD	68.6	19.6	65.9	14.5	46.5	62.4	57.2	51.4
29	Miller, D	IRU SD	55.1	19.5	61.6	18.9	71.0	74.8	75.0	23.5
60	New Open Seat	OP SD	37.2	19.1	66.9	14.0	74.7	78.6	78.8	27.9
58	Adams, D	IRU SD	39.3	18.3	68.0	13.8	63.5	69.2	70.5	31.0
24	Willingham, D	IRLP <sup>vi</sup> SD	38.2	18.1	74.5	7.5	66.4	76.2	72.2	35.8
38	New Open Seat	OP SD	50.5	18.1	61.8	20.1	72.7	77.6	76.6	23.7
7	Hall, D	IRWPU SD	41.4	17.0	74.9	8.1	65.7	74.8	70.3	41.0
8	Warren, D	IRWPU SD	49.2	16.1	74.0	9.9	55.8	68.4	60.8	45.9
27	Fox, D	IRU SD	47.3	12.0	80.2	7.8	62.3	72.1	70.5	40.7
47	Sutton, D	IR SD	29.7	10.1	82.8	7.1	61.0	75.9	72.5	33.9
5	Hunter, D	IRU SD	41.7	9.5	84.7	5.8	66.0	77.0	71.8	35.6
48	Bonner, D	IRU SD	35.1	8.5	82.9	8.6	69.9	80.0	77.5	32.8

SOURCE: John N. Davis and Danny Crook, *2002 Almanac of North Carolina Politics* (Raleigh: NC Free, August 2002).

<sup>i</sup> Current incumbent and party.

<sup>ii</sup> Race type = IR – incumbent running for reelection; IRU – incumbent running unopposed for reelection; IRWPU – incumbent running, won primary and is unopposed in general election; IRLPU – incumbent running, but lost in the party primary, and the winner of the primary is unopposed in the general election; NR – incumbent not running; OPRU – open seat, winner of the Republican primary is unopposed in the general election; OS – open seat. The projections are: SR – strong Republican, LR – leans Republican, SW – swing or uncertain outcome, LD – leans Democratic, SD – strong Democratic.

<sup>iii</sup> % White = % of registered voters who are white.

<sup>iv</sup> 2000 Voting Record = % voting for Democratic candidate in the Presidential race [Gore], governor's race [Easley], chief justice's race [Frye], and the auditor's race [Campbell].

<sup>v</sup> 1996 vote in the Helms–Gantt US Senate race – % voting for Helms.

<sup>vi</sup> The winner of the Democratic primary was Julie Paul who pulled out of the race on primary day. She was replaced by Cynthia Barnett, who was appointed by the Democratic Party.

<sup>vii</sup> Incumbent Willingham was appointed to fill the unexpired term of former Rep. Toby Fitch. This was his first election bid, but he was defeated in the Democratic Party primary.

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**Support for a Lottery in  
 North Carolina in  
 The Carolina Poll, 1983-2001**

Date of Poll	Q text	Pos. %	Neg. %
April 1983	[b]	G 59	B 28
October 1989	[a]	S 66	O 25
October 1990	[a]	S 61	O 24
March 1994	[c]	Y 72	N 21
March 1997	[a]	S 61	O 30
March 1998	[d]	F 69	O 16
October 1999	[a]	S 62	O 31
March 2001	[a]	S 55	O 36

Q text [text of the question asked, with response options]:  
 [a] "Do you support or oppose a state lottery for North Carolina?" S = support, O = oppose.  
 [b] "Do you think a state lottery would be a good idea or a bad idea?" G = good, B = bad  
 [c] "Do you think North Carolina lawmakers should consider starting a lottery to help our schools?" Y = yes, N = no  
 [d] "Some people favor a state lottery to raise revenue for the North Carolina educational system. Other people oppose a lottery on moral or economic grounds. Do you strongly favor, favor, oppose, or strongly oppose a state lottery with the revenue used to support education?" Note: This was a split sample with half the respondents getting the question as worded as above and half getting the question with sentences 1 and 2 in reverse order. The responses were not appreciably different and the results were merged as presented here.

**SOURCES:** The Carolina Poll conducted in the time indicated.

**The 2002 Legislative Races Election Projections**

50 State Senate Races: 22 Dem., 22 Rep., 6 Swing

[13] Strong Dem.		[9] Lean Dem.		[6] Swing	[8] Lean Rep.		[14] Strong Rep.	
3	23	1	19	2	12	50	26	36
4	25	5	27	6	15		29	39
9	28	7		9	17		30	40
13 <sup>#</sup>	32 <sup>#</sup>	10		24	22		31 <sup>#</sup>	41
14	37 <sup>#</sup>	16		46	44		33	42
20 <sup>#</sup>	38 <sup>#</sup>	17		49	45		34	43
21		18			47		35	48

120 State House Races: 52 Dem., 51 Rep., 18 Swing<sup>1</sup>

[34] Strong Dem.		[18] Lean Dem.		[19] Swing	[18] Lean Rep.		[31] Strong Rep.	
1 <sup>#</sup>	48 <sup>#</sup>	2		9	3		52 <sup>#</sup>	93
5 <sup>#</sup>	54 <sup>#</sup>	4		10	13		57 <sup>#</sup>	94
7	56 <sup>#</sup>	6		11	15		64	95
8	58 <sup>#</sup>	22		14	19 <sup>#</sup>		67	97
12 <sup>#</sup>	60	23		16	26 <sup>#</sup>		73	98
18	69	32		17	28 <sup>#</sup>		74	103
20 <sup>#</sup>	71	35		25	36		75	104 <sup>#</sup>
21 <sup>#</sup>	72	41		34	37		76 <sup>#</sup>	105
24	99 <sup>#</sup>	44		45	39		78 <sup>#</sup>	108 <sup>#</sup>
27 <sup>#</sup>	100	49		51	40 <sup>#</sup>		79	110
29 <sup>#</sup>	101 <sup>#</sup>	55		53	50 <sup>#</sup>		80 <sup>#</sup>	113 <sup>#</sup>
30 <sup>#</sup>	102	59		66 <sup>#ii</sup>	61		83	117 <sup>#</sup>
31 <sup>#</sup>	106 <sup>#</sup>	63		70	62		84	
33	107 <sup>#</sup>	65 <sup>#</sup>		77	82		85	
38	114	68		81	90		87	
42 <sup>#</sup>		111		86	96		88	
43		118		109	116		89 <sup>#</sup>	
46		119		112	120 <sup>#</sup>		91	
47				115			92 <sup>#</sup>	

<sup>#</sup> = uncontested race in both the party primary and general election.

**SOURCE:** John N. Davis and Danny Crook, *2002 Almanac of North Carolina Politics* (Raleigh: NC Free, August 2002).

<sup>i</sup> Although the table lists 19 districts as swing districts, the fact that the Republican incumbent in District 66 is unopposed means the Republicans will win this seat.

<sup>ii</sup> Republican Representative Sexton is running unopposed in this swing district.